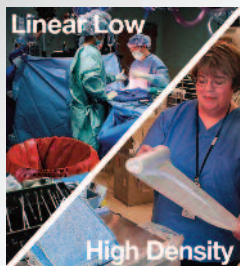


THREE-STEP SELECTION



How do you decide which can liner you need?

Our 3-step method makes your selection easy!



1. Determine the proper can liner type.

There are two types of resins commonly used to manufacture can liners: Linear Low and High Density. To decide which one you

need, answer this question: "Are sharp objects being thrown away?"

If **yes**, you need Linear Low (gauge/mils).

If **no**, you need High Density (gauge/microns).



2. What size container does the liner need to fit?

Ideally, you should have about three to four inches of overhang on the trash receptacles. The

following are some guidelines to use when choosing the right size can liner.

A. Use the compatibility chart in the Grainger catalog.

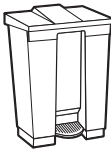
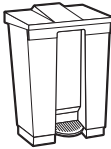
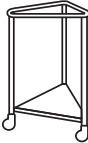
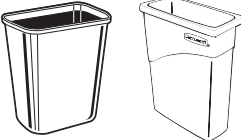
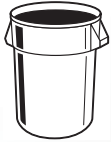
B. The gallon capacity or the size is usually printed on the container.



3. How much does the liner need to hold?

Here you'll need to do some calculation. You need to determine the average weight of a full can liner in your environment.

Once you have decided on that number, check the product grid in your Tough Guy can liners product sheet under the can liner type and size you have selected.

Healthcare Locations	Commonly Used Liners	Commonly Used Receptacles	Max Load Expectations
Operating Room	Linear Low*† High Density*		70 - 75 lbs
Examination Room	Linear Low*† High Density*		70 - 75 lbs
Linen Management	Linear Low High Density		70 lbs
Patient Rooms	Linear Low High Density		15-55 lbs
Cafeteria or Hospital Foodservice	Linear Low		50-120 lbs

* Hazardous Waste Liners are appropriate for use in accordance with OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.1030(d)(4)(iii))

† Red Linear Low Isolation liners meet the requirements described in DOT 49 CFR 173.197 Regulated Medical Waste (e) (1) (i)

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