



Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS



RISK PHRASES

Toxic compound, do not ingest or inhale. Avoid all contact with

Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system. CARCINOGEN. MINIMIZE EXPOSURE.





PROTECTIVE CLOTHING



Section I.	Chemical Product and Company Identificate	ion	
Chemical Name	2-Aminoazotoluene		
Catalog Number	T0261	Supplier	TCI America 9211 N. Harborgate St.
Synonym	Benzenamine, 2-methyl-4-[2-(2-methylphenyl)diazenyl]-(CA INDEX NAME); o-Toluene-azo-o-toluidine; CI# 11160		Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Chemical Formula	$C_{14}H_{15}N_3$		
CAS Number	97-56-3	In case of Emergency Call	Chemtrec® (800) 424-9300 (U.S.) (703) 527-3887 (International)

Section II. Composition a	nd Informa	tion on In	gredients	
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
2-Aminoazotoluene	97-56-3	,	This chemical is classified as a carcinogen. There is no acceptable exposure limit for a carcinogen.	Dog LD₅₀ (oral) 300 mg/kg

Section III. Hazards Identification

Acute Health Effects

Toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid prolonged contact with this material. Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

Chronic Health Effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS : Not available.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS : Tumorigenic effects. Rat TDLo Oral 31250 mg/kg for 35 weeks continuous

TOXIC EFFECTS:

Tumorigenic - Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria

Liver - Tumors

Mouse TDLo Implant 80 mg/kg

TOXIC EFFECTS:

Tumorigenic - Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Tumors Mouse TDLo Intraperitoneal 800 mg/kg

TOXIC EFFECTS:

Tumorigenic - Neoplastic by RTECS criteria

Liver - Tumors

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Reproductive effects. Mouse TDLo Oral 480 mg/kg female multigeneration

TOXIC EFFECTS:

Specific Developmental Abnormalities - Hepatobiliary system

Tumorigenic Effects - Transplacental tumorigenesis

Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or

Section IV.	First Aid Measures
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention if respiration problems do not improve.
Ingestion	INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive.

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Section V.	Fire and Explosion Data			
Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.	
Flash Points	Not available.	Flammable Limits	Not available.	
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO,	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂).		
Fire Hazards	Not available.			
Explosion Hazards	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.			
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions		SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet. Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire-fighting operations.		
Section VI.	Accidental Release Measures	Accidental Release Measures		
Spill Cleanup Instructions	Toxic material. Irritating material. Carcinogenic material. Stop leak if without risk. DO NOT get water inside container. DO NOT touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.			
Section VII.	Handling and Storage			
Handling and Storage Information	tightly seal the container and store in a dry,	cool place. Avoid excessive he	Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, eat and light. DO NOT ingest. Do not breathe mediately and show the container or the label.	
Section VIII.	Exposure Controls/Personal	Protection		
Engineering Controls		Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.		
Personal Protection				
Exposure Limits	This chemical is classified as a carcinogen.	This chemical is classified as a carcinogen. There is no acceptable exposure limit for a carcinogen.		
Section IX.	Physical and Chemical Prope	rtios		
Physical state @ 20°C	Solid. (Yellowish-red, crystalling powder	Solubility	Very soluble in cellosolve.	
Specific Gravity	and small granular solid.) Not available.		Soluble in alcohol, ether, acetone, toluene, chloroform, ethyl acetate, benzene, ligroin, linseed oil, oleic acid, stearic acid. Practically insoluble in water.	
Molecular Weight	225.29	Partition Coefficient	LOG P _{ow} : 3.92	
Boiling Point	Not available.	Vapor Pressure	Not applicable.	
Melting Point	102℃ (215.6℉)	Vapor Density	Not available.	
Refractive Index	Not available.	Volatility	Not available.	
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Odor	Odorless.	
Viscosity	Not available.	Taste	Not available.	
Section X.	Stability and Reactivity Data			
Stability	This material is stable if stored under proper of	conditions. (See Section VII for i	nstructions)	
Conditions of Instability	Avoid excessive heat and light.			
Incompatibilities	Reactive with strong oxidizing agents.			

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Section XI.	Toxicological Information
RTECS Number	XU8800000
Routes of Exposure	Eye Contact. Ingestion. Inhalation.
Toxicity Data	Dog LD₅₀ (oral) 300 mg/kg
Chronic Toxic Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Tumorigenic effects. Rat TDLo Oral 31250 mg/kg for 35 weeks continuous TOXIC EFFECTS: Tumorigenic - Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria Liver - Tumors Mouse TDLo Implant 80 mg/kg TOXIC EFFECTS: Tumorigenic - Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Tumors Mouse TDLo Intraperitoneal 800 mg/kg TOXIC EFFECTS: Tumorigenic - Neoplastic by RTECS criteria Kidney, Ureter, and Bradder - Tumors Mouse TDLo Intraperitoneal 800 mg/kg TOXIC EFFECTS: Tumorigenic - Neoplastic by RTECS criteria Liver - Tumors DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Reproductive effects. Mouse TDLo Oral 480 mg/kg female multigeneration TOXIC EFFECTS: Specific Developmental Abnormalities - Hepatobiliary system Tumorigenic Effects - Transplacental tumorigenesis Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.
Acute Toxic Effects	Toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid prolonged contact with this material. Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Section XII. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Not available.

Environmental Fate

2-Amino-5-azotoluene is an anthropogenic compound which is used as a synthetic intermediate in the manufacture of dyes and medicines. It may be released to the environment as a fugitive emission durining its production and use. If released to soil, 2-amino-5-azotoluene is expected to display only limited mobility. Its amino ground may bind covalently with active sites in soil further limiting its mobility. 2-Amino-5-azotoluene may only slowly volatilize from both moist and dry soils to the atmosphere. If released to water, 2-amino-5-azotoluene may bioconcentration in fish and aquatic organisms and it is expected to adsorb to sediment and suspended organic matter. 2-Amino-5-azotoluene is not expected to volatilize from water to the atmosphere. The estimated half-life for volatilization from a model river is 1888 days. 2-Amino-5-azotoluene absorbs UV light and it may undergo direct photochemical degradation in the upper layers of clear water. If released to the atmosphere, 2-amino-5-azotoluene may undergo a rapid gas-phase reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals with an estimated half-life of 2.7 hrs. 2-Amino-5-azotoluene absorbs UV light indicating that it has the potential to undergo direct photochemical degradation in the atmosphere. Occupational exposure to 2-amino-5-azotoluene may occur by inhalation of dust and by dermal contact during its production, formulation and use.

Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

Section XIII. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

Section XIV. Transport Information

DOT Classification

Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

PIN Number

Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name

Not applicable.

Packing Group (PG)

Not applicable.

DOT Pictograms



Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300

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Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

TSCA Chemical Inventory

(EPA)

This compound is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory list.

WHMIS Classification

CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC).

CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC). On DSL. (Canada)

EINECS Number (EEC)

202-591-2

EEC Risk Statements

R23/24/25- Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R45- May cause cancer.

Japanese Regulatory Data

ENCS No. 5-2299; 5-5002

Section XVI. Other Information

Version 1.0 Validated on 9/17/2008. Printed 9/17/2008.

Notice to Reader

TCI laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

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