



Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS	RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
×	Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system. Combustible material; avoid heat and sources of ignition.	

Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification			
Chemical Name	Isoamyl Methyl Ketone		
Catalog Number	10087	Supplier	TCI America 9211 N. Harborgate St.
Synonym	Iso-amyl Methyl Ketone		Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Chemical Formula	(CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ COCH ₃		
CAS Number	110-12-3	In case of Emergency	Chemtrec® (800) 424-9300 (U.S.)
		Call	(703) 527-3887 (International)

Section II.	Composition a	nd Intorma	tion on In	gredients	
Chemical Name		CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
Isoamyl Methyl Ketone		110-12-3	Min. 99.0 (GC)	Not available.	Rat LC_{50} (inhalation) 3813mg/m ³ /6H Rat LD_{50} (oral) 3200mg/kg Mouse LD_{50} (oral) 2542mg/kg Rabbit LD_{50} (dermal) 10ml/kg
Section III. Hazards Identification					

Section III.	Hazards Identification
Acute Health Effects	Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITYNot available. Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

Section IV.	First Aid Measures
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention if respiration problems do not improve.
Ingestion	INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION in case of ingestion of a radioactive material.

ection V. Fi	re and Explosion Data		
Flammability	Combustible.	Auto-Ignition	Not available.
Flash Points	43°C (109.4°F).	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 1.35% UPPER: 8.2%
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂).		
Fire Hazards	Not available.		
Explosion Hazards	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions		er spray or fog. Cool containing ve	essels with water jet in order to prevent pressur e attempting large scale fire-fighting operations.

Continued on Next Page

Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300

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Section VI. Accidental Release Measures

Spill Cleanup Instructions

Combustible liquid. Irritating material.

Keep away from heat. Mechanical exhaust required. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. DO NOT touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal.

Section VII. Handling and Storage

Handling and Storage Information COMBUSTIBLE. IRRITANT. Keep away from heat. Mechanical exhaust required. Avoid excessive heat and light. DO NOT ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Always store away from incompatible compounds such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, alkalis (bases).

Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower is proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.



Exposure Limits

Not available

Section IX. Pl	hysical and Chemical Pr	operties	
Physical state @ 20°C	Liquid. (Clear, colorless.)	Solubility	Solubility in water, 5400mg/l at 20°C. Miscible in ethanol and ether.
Specific Gravity	0.888 (water=1)	<u> </u>	Very soluble in acetone. Miscible with most organic solvents.
Molecular Weight	114.19	Partition Coefficient	Not available.
Boiling Point	144°C (291.2°F)	Vapor Pressure	0.6 kPa (@ 20°C)
Melting Point	-73.9 (-101°F)	Vapor Density	3.94 (Air = 1)
Refractive Index	1.4062 @ 20°C	Volatility	Not available.
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Odor	Pleasant, fruity.
Viscosity	Not available.	Taste	Not available.

Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability

This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)

Conditions of Instability

Avoid excessive heat and light.

Incompatibilities

Reactive with strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, strong alkalis (bases).

Section XI. Toxicological Information

RTECS Number

MP3850000

Routes of Exposure

Eye Contact. Ingestion. inhalation.

Toxicity Data

Rat LC_{50} (inhalation) 3813mg/m³/6H Rat LD_{50} (oral) 3200mg/kg Mouse LD_{50} (oral) 2542mg/kg Rabbit LD_{50} (dermal) 10ml/kg

Chronic Toxic Effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITYNot available.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

Acute Toxic Effects

Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when

handling this compound.

Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300

Section XII. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Not available.

Environmental Fate

5-Methyl-2-hexanone's production and use as a solvent for high-solids coatings, nitrocellulose, cellulose acetate, acrylics and vinyl copolymers may result in its release to the environment through various waste streams. Based on an experimental vapor pressure of 5.77 mm Hg at 25 deg C, 5-methyl-2-hexanone is expected to exist solely as a vapor in the ambient atmosphere. Vapor-phase 5-methyl-2-hexanone is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals with an estimated atmospheric half-life of about 2 days. 5-Methyl-2-hexanone is expected to have moderate mobility in soils based upon an estimated Koc value of 250. Volatilization from dry soil surfaces is expected based upon the vapor pressure of this compound. Volatilization from moist soil surfaces is also expected based upon an estimated Henry's Law constant of 1.6X10-4 atm-cu m/mol. In water, 5-methyl-2-hexanone may adsorb to suspended solids or sediment based upon its estimated Koc value. This compound is expected to volatilize from water surfaces given its estimated Henry's Law constant. Estimated half-lives for a model river and model lake are 9 and 144 hours, respectively. Bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is considered low based upon an estimated BCF value of 16. Occupational exposure may be through inhalation and dermal contact with this compound at workplaces where 5-methyl-2-hexanone is produced or used. The general population may be exposed to 5-methyl-2-hexanone through the ingestion of food containing this compound.

Section XIII. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities. You may be able to dissove or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state and locl regulations when disposing of the substance.

Section XIV. Transport Information

DOT Classification

CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.

PIN Number

UN2302

Proper Shipping Name

5-Methylhexan-2-one

Packing Group (PG)

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DOT Pictograms



Section XV. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

TSCA Chemical Inventory

(EPA)

This compound is **ON** the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory list.

WHMIS Classification

(Canada)

CLASS B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).

EINECS Number (EEC)

203-737-8

EEC Risk Statements

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Japanese Regulatory Data

Not available.

Section XVI. Other Information

Version 1.0

Validated on 3/9/2001.

Printed 2/22/2005.

Notice to Reader

TCI laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

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